Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of the claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of enhancing the humoral immune response of a patient relative to the normal humoral immune response, comprising the steps of:

growing cells containing a tumor antigen, a bacterial protein, or a viral protein under conditions wherein an aspartic acid residue or an asparigine residue in said tumor antigen, said bacterial protein, or said viral protein is converted to an isoaspartic acid residue to produce an isoaspartic acid-containing tumor antigen, an isoaspartic acid-containing bacterial protein, or an isoaspartic acid-containing viral protein, said conditions comprising exposing said cells to 15-30 μM adenosine dialdehyde at approximately 25-40°C for 1-5 days;

optionally isolating said isoaspartic acid-containing tumor antigen, an isoaspartic acid-containing bacterial protein, or an isoaspartic acid-containing viral protein; and

administering said cells or said isolated isoaspartic acid-containing tumor antigen, an isoaspartic acid-containing bacterial protein, or an isoaspartic acid-containing viral protein to said patient to enhance the humoral immune response of said patient.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said growing step comprises exposing said cells containing said tumor antigen,

said bacterial protein, or said viral protein to adenosine dialdehyde.

3. (Cancelled).

4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said cells are tumor cells selected from the group consisting of murine B16 melanoma, P815 murine mastocytoma, PTAS murine mammary carcinoma, colon rectal carcinoma, adenocarcinoma, glioblastoma multiform and astrosarcoma, cervial carcinoma, lung carcinomas, lymphomas, fibrosarcoma, and myeloma.

5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said tumor antigen is selected from the group consisting of MART-1 (Melan-A), gp100 (pmel-17), tyrosinase, tyrosinase related protein-1 (TRP-1), tyrosinase related protein-2 (TRP-2), melanocyte-stimulating hormone receptor, beta-catenin, MUM-1, CDK-4, Caspase-8, KIA0205, MAGE-1, MAGE-2, MAGE-3, MAGE-12, BAGE, GAGE, Ny-ESO-1, alpha-Fetoprotein, telomerase catalytic protein, G-250, MUC-1, carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA), p53, and Her-2/neu.

6. - 9. (Cancelled).

10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said aspartic acid residue or asparigine residue forms part of an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of Asn-Gly, Asn-Ser, Asp-Gly, and Asp-Ser.

11. (Currently Amended) A method of enhancing the humoral immune response of a patient relative to the normal humoral immune response, comprising the steps of:

administering to said patient a peptide comprising 9-40 amino acid residues of a tumor antigen, a bacterial protein, or a viral protein, wherein said peptide comprises an aspartic acid residue or an asparigine residue that has been replaced with an isoaspartic acid residue, to enhance the humoral immune response of said patient.

12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said peptide comprises 9-25 amino acid residues.

13. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said peptide comprises 9-15 amino acid residues.

14. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said tumor antigen is selected from the group consisting of MART-1 (Melan-A), gp100 (pmel-17), tyrosinase, tyrosinase related protein-1 (TRP-1), tyrosinase related protein-2 (TRP-2), melanocyte-stimulating hormone receptor, beta-catenin, MUM-1, CDK-4, Caspase-8, KIA0205, MAGE-1, MAGE-2, MAGE-3, MAGE-12, BAGE, GAGE, Ny-ESO-1, alpha-Fetoprotein, telomerase catalytic protein, G-250, MUC-1, carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA), p53, and Her-2/neu.

15. (Cancelled).

16. (Cancelled).

17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein said aspartic acid residue or asparigine residue forms part of an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of Asn-Gly, Asn-Ser, Asp-Gly, and Asp-Ser.

18. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said peptide has the sequence Tyr-Met-Asp-Gly-Thr-Met-Ser-Gln-Val (SEQ ID NO:1).

19. (Currently Amended) A method of enhancing the humoral immune response of a patient relative to the normal humoral immune response, comprising the steps of:

providing a tumor antigen, a bacterial protein, or a viral protein, or a fragment thereof, wherein each of said tumor antigen, bacterial protein, or viral protein, or fragment thereof, comprises an aspartic acid residue or an asparigine residue;

treating said tumor antigen, bacterial protein, or viral protein, or fragment thereof, to convert said aspartic acid residue or said asparigine residue to an isoaspartic acid residue to produce an isoaspartic acid-containing tumor antigen, an isoaspartic acid-containing bacterial protein, or an isoaspartic acid-containing viral protein, or fragments thereof; and

administering said isoaspartic acid-containing tumor antigen, said isoaspartic acid-containing bacterial protein, or said isoaspartic acid-containing viral protein, or fragments thereof, to said patient to elicit said enhanced humoral immune response.

20. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said treating step comprises exposing said tumor antigen, said bacterial protein, or said viral protein, or said fragment thereof, to acidic methanol.

21. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said treating step comprises exposing said tumor antigen, said bacterial

protein, or said viral protein, or said fragment thereof, to from 1-20% carbon dioxide.

22. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said tumor antigen is selected from the group consisting of MART-1 (Melan-A), gp100 (pmel-17), tyrosinase, tyrosinase related protein-1 (TRP-1), tyrosinase related protein-2 (TRP-2), melanocyte-stimulating hormone receptor, beta-catenin, MUM-1, CDK-4, Caspase-8, KIA0205, MAGE-1, MAGE-2, MAGE-3, MAGE-12, BAGE, GAGE, Ny-ESO-1, alpha-Fetoprotein, telomerase catalytic protein, G-250, MUC-1, carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA), p53, and Her-2/neu.

23. (Cancelled).

24. (Cancelled).

25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19, wherein said aspartic acid residue or asparigine residue forms part of an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of Asn-Gly, Asn-Ser, Asp-Gly, and Asp-Ser.

26. (Currently Amended) A composition, comprising:

a protein selected from the group consisting of tumor antigens, ~~bacterial proteins,~~ viral proteins, and combinations thereof, said protein comprising an isoaspartic acid residue; and

a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

27. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 26, wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is selected from the group consisting of solid carrier material, electrolyte

solutions, anal suppositories, topical creams, sublingual lozenges, water soluble jellies, enema solutions, inhalable aerosols, intravenous injections, and combinations thereof.

28. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 26, wherein said pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is selected from the group consisting of magnesium carbonate, magnesium stearate, talc, sugar, lactose, pectin, dextrin, starch, gelatin, tragacanth, methylcellulose, sodium carboxymethycellulose, low melting waxes, cocoa butter, water, and combinations thereof.

29. (Cancelled).